UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM ______ TO _____

Commission File Number 1-13265

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1111 Louisiana

Houston, Texas 77002

(Address and zip code of principal executive offices)

76-0511406

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(713) 207-1111

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. meets the conditions set forth in General Instruction H(1)(a) and (b) of Form 10-Q and is therefore filing this Form 10-Q with the reduced disclosure format.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \square No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer \square (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).Yes o No 🗵

As of April 15, 2014, all 1,000 shares of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. common stock were held by Utility Holding, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, Inc.

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

From time to time we make statements concerning our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. These statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. You can generally identify our forward-looking statements by the words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "plan," "potential," "predict," "projection," "should," "will" or other similar words.

We have based our forward-looking statements on our management's beliefs and assumptions based on information available to our management at the time the statements are made. We caution you that assumptions, beliefs, expectations, intentions and projections about future events may and often do vary materially from actual results. Therefore, we cannot assure you that actual results will not differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements.

The following are some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements:

- state and federal legislative and regulatory actions or developments affecting various aspects of our businesses (including the businesses of Enable Midstream Partners, LP (Enable)), including, among others, energy deregulation or re-regulation, pipeline integrity and safety, health care reform, financial reform, tax legislation and actions regarding the rates charged by our regulated businesses;
- state and federal legislative and regulatory actions or developments relating to the environment, including those related to global climate change;
- timely and appropriate rate actions that allow recovery of costs and a reasonable return on investment;
- the timing and outcome of any audits, disputes and other proceedings related to taxes;
- problems with construction, implementation of necessary technology or other issues with respect to major capital projects that result in delays or in cost overruns that cannot be recouped in rates;
- industrial, commercial and residential growth in our service territory and changes in market demand, including the effects of energy efficiency measures and demographic patterns;
- the timing and extent of changes in commodity prices, particularly natural gas and natural gas liquids (NGLs), and the effects of geographic and seasonal commodity price differentials;
- weather variations and other natural phenomena, including the impact of severe weather events on operations and capital;
- any direct or indirect effects on our facilities, operations and financial condition resulting from terrorism, cyber attacks, data security breaches or other attempts to disrupt our businesses or the businesses of third parties, or other catastrophic events;
- the impact of unplanned facility outages;
- changes in interest rates or rates of inflation;
- commercial bank and financial market conditions, our access to capital, the cost of such capital, and the results of our financing and refinancing efforts, including availability of funds in the debt capital markets;
- actions by credit rating agencies;
- effectiveness of our risk management activities;
- inability of various counterparties to meet their obligations to us;
- non-payment for our services due to financial distress of our customers;



- the ability of GenOn Energy, Inc. (formerly known as RRI Energy, Inc., Reliant Energy, Inc. and Reliant Resources, Inc.), a wholly owned subsidiary of NRG Energy, Inc., and its subsidiaries to satisfy their obligations to us, including indemnity obligations, or obligations in connection with the contractual arrangements pursuant to which we are their guarantor;
- the outcome of litigation brought by or against us;
- our ability to control costs;
- the investment performance of CenterPoint Energy, Inc.'s pension and postretirement benefit plans;
- our potential business strategies, including restructurings, joint ventures and acquisitions or dispositions of assets or businesses, which we cannot
 assure you will be completed or will have the anticipated benefits to us;
- acquisition and merger activities involving us or our competitors;
- future economic conditions in regional and national markets and their effect on sales, prices and costs;
- the performance of Enable, the amount of cash distributions we receive from Enable, and the value of our interest in Enable, and factors that may have a material impact on such performance, cash distributions and value, including certain of the factors specified above and:
 - the integration of the operations of the businesses we contributed to Enable with those contributed by OGE Energy Corp. (OGE) and affiliates of ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC (ArcLight);
 - the achievement of anticipated operational and commercial synergies and expected growth opportunities, and the successful implementation of its business plan;
 - competitive conditions in the midstream industry, and actions taken by Enable's customers and competitors, including the extent and timing of the entry of additional competition in the markets served by Enable;
 - the timing and extent of changes in the supply of natural gas and associated commodity prices, particularly prices of natural gas and NGLs, the competitive effects of the available pipeline capacity in the regions served by Enable, and the effects of geographic and seasonal commodity price differentials, including the effects of these circumstances on re-contracting available capacity on Enable's interstate pipelines;
 - the demand for natural gas, NGLs and transportation and storage services;
 - changes in tax status;
 - access to growth capital; and
 - the availability and prices of raw materials for current and future construction projects; and
- other factors we discuss in "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, which is incorporated herein by reference, and in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of the particular statement.



Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CENTERPOINT ENERGY, INC.) CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME (Millions of Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three M	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2014		2013	
Revenues	<u>\$</u> 2,	531	\$	1,853
Expenses:				
Natural gas	2,	043		1,224
Operation and maintenance		199		251
Depreciation and amortization		49		77
Taxes other than income taxes		52		51
Total	2,	343		1,603
Operating Income		188		250
Other Income (Expense):				
Interest and other finance charges		(35)		(45)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net		91		5
Other, net		2		_
Total		58		(40)
Income Before Income Taxes		246		210
Income tax expense		94		82
Net Income	\$	152	\$	128

See Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CENTERPOINT ENERGY, INC.) CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Millions of Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Three Mo Mar	nths Ende ch 31,	d
	2	2014		2013
Net income	\$	152	\$	128
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Adjustment to pension and other postretirement plans (net of tax)		—		—
Other comprehensive income		_		_
Comprehensive income	\$	152	\$	128

See Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CENTERPOINT ENERGY, INC.) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Millions of Dollars) (Unaudited)

ASSETS

	N	1arch 31, 2014	Decem	ıber 31, 2013
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18	\$	1
Accounts receivable, less bad debt reserve of \$32 and \$25, respectively		862		565
Accrued unbilled revenue		269		311
Accounts and notes receivable — affiliated companies		63		44
Materials and supplies		37		34
Natural gas inventory		26		145
Non-trading derivative assets		24		24
Taxes receivable		—		18
Deferred income tax assets		13		21
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		89		51
Total current assets		1,401		1,214
Property, Plant and Equipment:				
Property, plant and equipment		4,901		4,815
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		1,418		1,379
Property, plant and equipment, net		3,483		3,436
Other Assets:				
Goodwill		840		840
Non-trading derivative assets		9		10
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates		4,540		4,518
Notes receivable from unconsolidated affiliates		363		363
Other		144		161
Total other assets		5,896		5,892
Total Assets	\$	10,780	\$	10,542

See Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CENTERPOINT ENERGY, INC.) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Millions of Dollars) (Unaudited)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Current Liabilities:		
Short-term borrowings	\$	\$ 43
Accounts payable	631	495
Accounts and notes payable — affiliated companies	85	103
Taxes accrued	80	74
Interest accrued	39	36
Customer deposits	79	78
Non-trading derivative liabilities	17	17
Other	174	163
Total current liabilities	1,105	1,009
Other Liabilities:		
Accumulated deferred income taxes, net	2,164	2,082
Non-trading derivative liabilities	2	4
Benefit obligations	102	102
Regulatory liabilities	670	642
Other	157	160
Total other liabilities	3,095	2,990
Long-Term Debt	2,124	2,240
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 10)		
Stockholder's Equity:		
Common stock	—	_
Paid-in capital	2,417	2,416
Retained earnings	2,034	1,882
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5	5
Total stockholder's equity	4,456	4,303
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ 10,780	\$ 10,542

See Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (AN INDIRECT WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CENTERPOINT ENERGY, INC.) CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS (Millions of Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2014		2013			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢ 1	50	¢	100		
Net income	\$ 1	52	\$	128		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		40		77		
Depreciation and amortization		49		77		
Amortization of deferred financing costs Deferred income taxes		2 89		3 76		
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions		22)		4		
Changes in other assets and liabilities:	(22)		4		
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenues, net	(2	72)		(71		
Accounts receivable and unblice revenues, net Accounts receivable/payable - affiliated companies		18)		10		
Inventory	·	16		10		
Taxes receivable		18		122		
Accounts payable		41		(36		
Fuel cost recovery		27)		105		
Interest and taxes accrued	(9		23		
Non-trading derivatives, net		_		6		
Margin deposits, net		1		12		
Other current assets		13		4		
Other current liabilities		(6)		(40)		
Other assets		16		(4)		
Other liabilities		23		34		
Other, net		2				
Net cash provided by operating activities	2	86		453		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	2		_			
Capital expenditures	(89)		(116)		
Other, net		(1)		(2)		
Net cash used in investing activities		90)		(118		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	((110)		
Decrease in short-term borrowings, net	(43)		(38)		
Proceeds from (payments of) commercial paper, net		.18)		61		
Decrease in notes payable - affiliated companies	,	19)		(339)		
Other, net	(1		(555)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(1	.79)		(316)		
	(-			(010)		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		17		19		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		1		1		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	18	\$	20		
		-				
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:						
Cash Payments:						
Interest, net of capitalized interest	\$	28	\$	32		
Income tax refunds, net	(18)		_		
Non-cash transactions:						
Accounts payable related to capital expenditures	\$	16	\$	40		
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See Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Background and Basis of Presentation

General. Included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (Form 10-Q) of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. (CERC Corp.) are the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes (Interim Condensed Financial Statements) of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. and its subsidiaries (collectively, CERC). The Interim Condensed Financial Statements are unaudited, omit certain financial statement disclosures and should be read with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of CERC Corp. for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Background. CERC owns and operates natural gas distribution systems (Gas Operations) and owns an interest in Enable Midstream Partners, LP (Enable) as described in Note 6. A wholly owned subsidiary of CERC Corp. offers variable and fixed-price physical natural gas supplies primarily to commercial and industrial customers and electric and gas utilities. As of March 31, 2014, CERC Corp. also owned approximately 58.3% of the limited partner interests in Enable, which owns, operates and develops natural gas and crude oil infrastructure assets. Following the completion of Enable's initial public offering on April 16, 2014, CERC Corp. owns approximately 54.7% of the limited partner interests in Enable.

CERC Corp. is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, Inc. (CenterPoint Energy), a public utility holding company.

Basis of Presentation. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CERC's Interim Condensed Financial Statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the respective periods. Amounts reported in CERC's Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income are not necessarily indicative of amounts expected for a full-year period due to the effects of, among other things, (a) seasonal fluctuations in demand for energy and energy services, (b) changes in energy commodity prices, (c) timing of maintenance and other expenditures and (d) acquisitions and dispositions of businesses, assets and other interests.

For a description of CERC's reportable business segments, see Note 12.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

Management believes that recently issued standards, which are not yet effective, will not have a material impact on CERC's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

(3) Employee Benefit Plans

CERC's employees participate in CenterPoint Energy's postretirement benefit plan. CERC's net periodic cost includes the following components relating to postretirement benefits:

	Th	ree Mo	nths Ende	ed	
		March 31,			
	2014			2013	
		(in mi	illions)		
Interest cost on accumulated benefit obligation	\$	1	\$		1
Amortization of loss		—			1
Net periodic cost	\$	1	\$		2

CERC expects to contribute approximately \$7 million to its postretirement benefit plan in 2014, of which \$2 million was contributed during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

(4) Derivative Instruments

CERC is exposed to various market risks. These risks arise from transactions entered into in the normal course of business. CERC utilizes derivative instruments such as physical forward contracts, swaps and options to mitigate the impact of changes in commodity prices and weather on its operating results and cash flows. Such derivatives are recognized in CERC's Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value unless CERC elects the normal purchase and sales exemption for qualified physical transactions. A derivative may be designated as a normal purchase or sale if the intent is to physically receive or deliver the product for use or sale in the normal course of business.

CenterPoint Energy has a Risk Oversight Committee composed of corporate and business segment officers that oversees all commodity price, weather and credit risk activities, including CERC's marketing, risk management services and hedging activities. The committee's duties are to establish CERC's commodity risk policies, allocate board-approved commercial risk limits, approve the use of new products and commodities, monitor positions and ensure compliance with CERC's risk management policies and procedures and limits established by CenterPoint Energy's board of directors.

CERC's policies prohibit the use of leveraged financial instruments. A leveraged financial instrument, for this purpose, is a transaction involving a derivative whose financial impact will be based on an amount other than the notional amount or volume of the instrument.

(a) Non-Trading Activities

Derivative Instruments. CERC enters into certain derivative instruments to manage physical commodity price risk and does not engage in proprietary or speculative commodity trading. These financial instruments do not qualify or are not designated as cash flow or fair value hedges.

Weather Hedges. CERC has weather normalization or other rate mechanisms that mitigate the impact of weather on its gas operations in Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Oklahoma. Gas operations in Texas and Minnesota do not have such mechanisms. As a result, fluctuations from normal weather may have a significant positive or negative effect on Gas Operations' results in these jurisdictions.

CERC entered into heating-degree day swaps for certain Gas Operations jurisdictions to mitigate the effect of fluctuations from normal weather on its results of operations and cash flows for the winter heating season, which contained a bilateral dollar cap of \$15 million in 2012 - 2013 and \$16 million in 2013 - 2014. The swaps are based on ten-year normal weather. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, CERC recognized losses of \$7 million and \$3 million, respectively, related to these swaps. Weather hedge gains and losses are included in revenues in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income.

(b) Derivative Fair Values and Income Statement Impacts

The following tables present information about CERC's derivative instruments and hedging activities. The first four tables provide a balance sheet overview of CERC's Derivative Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, while the last table provides a breakdown of the related income statement impacts for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

	Fair Value of Derivative Instruments			
			March 31, 20	14
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Location	_	erivative Assets air Value	Derivative Liabilities Fair Value
			(in millions)	
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Current Assets: Non-trading derivative assets	\$	29 \$	4
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Other Assets: Non-trading derivative assets		11	2
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Current Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		1	18
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Other Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		—	2
Total		\$	41 \$	26

(1) The fair value shown for natural gas contracts is comprised of derivative gross volumes totaling 547 Bcf or a net 92 Bcf long position. Of the net long position, basis swaps constitute 91 Bcf.

(2) Natural gas contracts are presented on a net basis in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Natural gas contracts are subject to master netting arrangements. This netting applies to all undisputed amounts due or past due and causes derivative assets (liabilities) to be ultimately presented net in a liability (asset) account within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net of total non-trading derivative assets and liabilities was a \$14 million asset as shown on CERC's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (and as detailed in the table below), and was comprised of the natural gas contracts derivative assets and liabilities separately shown above offset by collateral netting of \$(1) million.

	March 31, 2014					
			Net Amount Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets (2)			
				(in millions)		
Current Assets: Non-trading derivative assets	\$	30	\$	(6)	\$	24
Other Assets: Non-trading derivative assets		11		(2)		9
Current Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		(22)		5		(17)
Other Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		(4)		2		(2)
Total	\$	15	\$	(1)	\$	14

(1) Gross amounts recognized include some derivative assets and liabilities that are not subject to master netting arrangements.

(2) The derivative assets and liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets exclude accounts receivable or accounts payable that, should they exist, could be used as offsets to these balances in the event of a default.

	Fair Value of Derivative Instruments			
			December 3	1, 2013
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Location	A	rivative Assets r Value	Derivative Liabilities Fair Value
			(in millio	ons)
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2) (3)	Current Assets: Non-trading derivative assets	\$	28 \$	5 4
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Other Assets: Non-trading derivative assets		10	—
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Current Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		4	21
Natural gas derivatives (1) (2)	Other Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		1	5
Total		\$	43 \$	30

(1) The fair value shown for natural gas contracts is comprised of derivative gross volumes totaling 607 billion cubic feet (Bcf) or a net 46 Bcf long position. Of the net long position, basis swaps constitute 99 Bcf.

(2) Natural gas contracts are presented on a net basis in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Natural gas contracts are subject to master netting arrangements. This netting applies to all undisputed amounts due or past due and causes derivative assets (liabilities) to be ultimately presented net in a liability (asset) account within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net of total non-trading derivative assets and liabilities was a \$13 million asset as shown on CERC's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (and as detailed in the table below), and was comprised of the natural gas contracts derivative assets and liabilities separately shown above offset by collateral netting of less than \$1 million.

(3) The \$28 million Derivative Current Asset includes \$1 million related to physical forwards purchased from Enable.

Offsetting of Natural Gas Derivative Assets and Liabilities

		December 31, 2013						
	Gross An	ss Amounts Recognized Gross Amounts Offset in the (1) Consolidated Balance Sheets		Net Amount Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets (2)				
			(i	n millions)				
Current Assets: Non-trading derivative assets	\$	32	\$	(8)	\$	24		
Other Assets: Non-trading derivative assets		11		(1)		10		
Current Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		(25)		8		(17)		
Other Liabilities: Non-trading derivative liabilities		(5)		1		(4)		
Total	\$	13	\$	_	\$	13		

(1) Gross amounts recognized include some derivative assets and liabilities that are not subject to master netting arrangements.

(2) The derivative assets and liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets exclude accounts receivable or accounts payable that, should they exist, could be used as offsets to these balances in the event of a default.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivatives are recognized in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income as revenue for physical natural gas sales derivative contracts and as natural gas expense for financial natural gas derivatives and other physical natural gas derivatives.

			ed March 31,		
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Income Statement Location	2014 (in million		2013	
				ns)	
Natural gas derivatives	Gains (Losses) in Revenue	\$	(101) \$	(14)	
Natural gas derivatives (1)	Gains (Losses) in Expense: Natural Gas		110	16	
Total		\$	9 \$	2	

(1) The Gains (Losses) in Expense: Natural Gas includes \$2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014 related to physical forwards purchased from Enable.

(c) Credit Risk Contingent Features

Income Statement Impact of Derivative Activity

CERC enters into financial derivative contracts containing material adverse change provisions. These provisions could require CERC to post additional collateral if the Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. credit ratings of CERC are downgraded. The total fair value of the derivative instruments that contain credit risk contingent features that are in a net liability position at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$1 million. The aggregate fair value of assets that were posted as collateral was less than \$1 million at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. If all derivative contracts (in a net liability position) containing credit risk contingent features were triggered at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, less than \$1 million and \$1 million, respectively, of additional assets would be required to be posted as collateral.

(5) Fair Value Measurements

Assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. Hierarchical levels, as defined below and directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to fair valuations of these assets and liabilities, are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date. The types of assets carried at Level 1 fair value generally are exchange-traded derivatives and equity securities.

Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability. Fair value assets and liabilities that are generally included in this category are derivatives with fair values based on inputs from actively quoted markets. A market approach is utilized to value CERC's Level 2 assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs reflect CERC's judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability since limited market data exists. CERC develops these inputs based on the best information available, including CERC's own data. A market approach is utilized to value CERC's Level 3 assets or liabilities. Currently, CERC's Level 3 assets and liabilities are comprised of physical forward contracts and options. Level 3 physical forward contracts are valued using a discounted cash flow model which includes illiquid forward price curve locations (ranging from \$3.43 to \$5.20 per one million British thermal units) as an unobservable input. Level 3 options are valued through Black-Scholes (including forward start) option models which include option volatilities (ranging from 0 to 62%) as an unobservable input. CERC's Level 3 derivative assets and liabilities consist of both long and short positions (forwards and options) and their fair value is sensitive to forward prices and volatilities. If forward prices decrease, CERC's long forwards lose value whereas its short options gain in value.

CERC determines the appropriate level for each financial asset and liability on a quarterly basis and recognizes transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, there were no transfers between Level 1 and 2. CERC also recognizes purchases of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities at their fair market value at the end of the reporting period.

The following tables present information about CERC's assets and liabilities (including derivatives that are presented net) measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and indicate the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by CERC to determine such fair value.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		S	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting Adjustments (1)		Balance as of March 31, 2014	
A						(in millions)				
Assets										
Corporate equities	\$	2	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	2
Investments, including money market funds		11								11
Natural gas derivatives		4		32		5		(8)		33
Total assets	\$	17	\$	32	\$	5	\$	(8)	\$	46
Liabilities			-						-	
Natural gas derivatives	\$	1	\$	20	\$	5	\$	(7)	\$	19
Total liabilities	\$	1	\$	20	\$	5	\$	(7)	\$	19

(1) Amounts represent the impact of legally enforceable master netting arrangements that allow CERC to settle positive and negative positions and also include cash collateral of \$(1) million posted with the same counterparties.

	Active for Iden	Prices inSignificant OtherMarketsObservableical AssetsInputsvel 1)(Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Netting Adjustments (1)	Balance as of December 31, 2013		
Assets					(in millions)			
Corporate equities	\$	2	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 	\$	2
Investments, including money market funds		11		_	_	_		11
Natural gas derivatives (2)		5		33	5	(9)		34
Total assets	\$	18	\$	33	\$ 5	\$ (9)	\$	47
Liabilities								
Natural gas derivatives	\$	1	\$	27	\$ 2	\$ (9)	\$	21
Total liabilities	\$	1	\$	27	\$ 2	\$ (9)	\$	21

- Amounts represent the impact of legally enforceable master netting arrangements that allow CERC to settle positive and negative positions and also include cash collateral of less than \$1 million posted with the same counterparties.
- (2) The (Level 2) Natural gas derivative assets of \$33 million includes \$1 million related to physical forwards purchased from Enable.

The following table presents additional information about assets or liabilities, including derivatives that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis for which CERC has utilized Level 3 inputs to determine fair value:

	Fair	Value Measurem Unobservable	ents Usi Inputs (I	ng Significant Level 3)		
	1	Derivative Assets and Liabilities, net				
		Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2014		2013		
		(in mi	illions)			
Beginning balance	\$	3	\$	2		
Total gains (losses)		(2)		2		
Total settlements		1		(1)		
Transfers into Level 3		(1)		_		
Ending balance ⁽¹⁾	\$	1	\$	3		
The amount of total gains (losses) for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held at the reporting						
date	\$	(2)	\$	2		

(1) CERC did not have significant Level 3 purchases, sales or transfers out of Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2014 or 2013.

Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents and short-term borrowings are estimated to be approximately equivalent to carrying amounts and have been excluded from the table below. Non-trading derivative assets and liabilities are stated at fair value and are excluded from the table below. The fair value of each debt instrument is determined by multiplying the principal amount of each debt instrument by the market price. These assets and liabilities, which are not measured at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets but for which the fair value is disclosed, would be classified as Level 1 or Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

	March 31, 2014					Decembe	2013	
		Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Fair Value
				(in mi	lions)			
Financial assets:								
Notes receivable from unconsolidated affiliates	\$	363	\$	365	\$	363	\$	363
Financial liabilities:								
Long-term debt	\$	2,124	\$	2,399	\$	2,240	\$	2,466

(6) Unconsolidated Affiliates

On May 1, 2013 (the Closing Date) CERC Corp., OGE Energy Corp. (OGE) and ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC (ArcLight) closed on the formation of Enable. CERC has the ability to significantly influence the operating and financial policies of Enable and, accordingly, accounts for its investment in Enable using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, CERC will adjust its investment in Enable each period for contributions made, distributions received, CERC's share of Enable's comprehensive income and accretion of any basis difference. CERC evaluates its equity method investments for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate there is a loss in value of the investment that is other than a temporary decline.

CERC's investment in Enable is considered to be a variable interest entity (VIE) because the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact Enable's economic performance does not reside with the holders of equity investment at risk. However, CERC is not considered the primary beneficiary of Enable since it does not have the power to direct the activities of Enable that are considered most significant to the economic performance of Enable. CERC's maximum exposure to loss related to Enable is limited to its equity investment as presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2014, CERC Corp.'s guarantee of Enable's \$1.05 billion term loan (Term Loan) and other guarantees discussed in Note 10, CERC Corp.'s \$363 million notes receivable from Enable and outstanding current accounts receivable from Enable. CERC Corp.'s guarantee of Enable's Term Loan is subordinated to all senior debt of CERC. The \$363 million of notes receivable from Enable bears interest at an annual rate of 2.10% to 2.45% and mature in 2017. CERC had interest receivable of \$6 million as of March 31, 2014 and interest income of \$2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014 on its \$363 million of notes receivable from Enable.

Effective on the Closing Date, CenterPoint Energy and Enable entered into a Services Agreement, Employee Transition Agreement, Transitional Services Agreement and other agreements (collectively, Transition Agreements) whereby CERC agreed to provide certain support services to Enable such as accounting, legal, risk management and treasury functions for an initial term ending on April 30, 2016. The support services automatically extend year-toyear at the end of the initial term, unless terminated by Enable with at least 90 days' notice. Enable may terminate these support services at any time with 180 days' notice if approved by the board of Enable's general partner. Additionally, CERC agreed to provide seconded employees to Enable to support its operations for an initial term ending on December 31, 2014, unless revised by mutual agreement with CERC, OGE and Enable prior to that date.

CERC did not transfer any employees to Enable at formation of the partnership or at any time during the period from the Closing Date to March 31, 2014. CERC billed Enable for reimbursement of transitional services, including the costs of seconded employees, of \$45 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, under the Transition Agreements. Actual transitional services costs are recorded net of reimbursements received from Enable. Effective April 1, 2014, Enable's general partner, CERC and OGE agreed to reduce certain governance related costs billed to Enable for transition services. These governance related costs were approximately \$3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2014, which were included in the amounts billed for transitional services during the period. CERC had accounts receivable from Enable of \$20 million as of March 31, 2014 for amounts billed for transitional services, including the cost of seconded employees.

Enable, at its discretion, has the right to select and offer employment to seconded employees from CERC. As of March 31, 2014, CERC determined it cannot reasonably estimate the impact of the costs associated with the termination of employees related to the formation of Enable or transfer of employees from CERC to Enable, including the impact of the changes to the actuarial determination of employee benefit plan obligations. Pursuant to the Transition Agreements, Enable has agreed to reimburse CERC for severance and termination costs related to the termination of CERC's seconded employees, including any potential benefit-related costs, regardless of whether such seconded employees are offered employment by Enable.

CERC has certain put rights, and Enable has certain call rights, exercisable with respect to the 25.05% interest in Southeast Supply Header, LLC (SESH) retained by CERC, under which CERC would contribute its retained interest in SESH, in exchange for a specified number of limited partner units in Enable and a cash payment, payable either from CERC to Enable or from Enable to CERC, for changes in the value of SESH. Specifically, the rights are exercisable with respect to a 24.95% interest in SESH (which may be exercised no earlier than May 2014) and a 0.1% interest in SESH (which may be exercised no earlier than May 2015). If CERC were to exercise its put rights or Enable were to exercise its call rights, CERC would contribute to Enable its 24.95% interest in SESH in exchange for 6,322,457 common units and its 0.1% interest in SESH in exchange for 25,341 common units. Subject to certain restrictions, if the fair market value of the contributed SESH interest is more or less than the value of the common units issued as consideration for the SESH interest, a cash payment may be required to be made by either Enable or CERC.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, CERC incurred natural gas expenses, including transportation and storage costs, of \$47 million for transactions with Enable. CERC had accounts payable to Enable of \$16 million at March 31, 2014 from such transactions.

As of March 31, 2014, CERC held an approximate 58.3% limited partner interest in Enable and a 25.05% interest in SESH.

On April 16, 2014, Enable completed its initial public offering of 28,750,000 common units at a price of \$20.00 per unit, which included 3,750,000 common units sold by ArcLight pursuant to an over-allotment option that was fully exercised by the underwriters. Enable received approximately \$466 million in net proceeds from the sale of the units, after deducting underwriting fees, structuring fees and other offering costs. Following the offering, CERC Corp. owns approximately 54.7% of the limited partner interests in Enable, which consists of 87,803,909 common units and 139,704,916 subordinated units. Enable continues to be equally controlled by CenterPoint Energy and OGE; each own 50% of the management rights in the general partner of Enable. CenterPoint Energy and OGE also own a 40% and 60% interest, respectively, in the incentive distribution rights held by the general partner of Enable.

Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliates:

	_	March 31, 2014	ıber 31, 2013		
		(in millions)			
Enable	\$	4,340	\$	4,319	
SESH		200		199	
Total	\$	4,540	\$	4,518	

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates, net:

	Three Months	onths Ended March 31,		
	2014	2013		
	(in m	uillions)		
\$	88	\$	—	
	3		5	
\$	91	\$	5	

(1) On May 1, 2013, CERC contributed a 24.95% interest in SESH to Enable, leaving CERC with a 25.05% interest in SESH.

Summarized consolidated income information for Enable for the three months ended March 31, 2014 is as follows (in millions):

\$ 1,002
633
162
149
\$ 87
1
\$ 88
\$ \$ <u>\$</u>

Summarized consolidated balance sheet information for Enable as of March 31, 2014 is as follows (in millions):

Current assets	\$ 500
Non-current assets	10,758
Current liabilities	1,039
Non-current liabilities	2,002
Non-controlling interest	34
Enable Partner's capital	8,183
CERC's approximate 58.3% interest, net	\$ 4,773
CERC's basis difference	(433)
CERC's investment in Enable	\$ 4,340

Summarized basis difference information for Enable is as follows (in millions):

Basis difference attributable to goodwill as of Closing Date (1)	\$ 229
Basis difference to be accreted over 30 years as of Closing Date	210
Total basis difference as of Closing Date	439
Accumulated accretion of basis difference as of March 31, 2014	(6)
CERC's basis difference in Enable as of March 31, 2014	\$ 433

(1) This difference related to CERC's proportionate share of Enable's goodwill arising from Enable's acquisition of Enogex, and therefore will not be recognized by CERC.

Cash distributions received from Enable and SESH were approximately \$67 million and \$3 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and were \$-0- and \$9 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

(7) Goodwill

Goodwill by reportable business segment as of both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows (in millions):

Natural Gas Distribution	\$ 746
Energy Services	83
Other Operations	11
Total	\$ 840

(8) Related Party Transactions

CERC participates in a "money pool" through which it can borrow or invest on a short-term basis. Funding needs are aggregated and external borrowing or investing is based on the net cash position. The net funding requirements of the money pool are expected to be met with borrowings under CenterPoint Energy's revolving credit facility or the sale of CenterPoint Energy's commercial paper. CERC had money pool borrowings of \$19 million and \$38 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, which are included in accounts and notes payable —affiliated companies in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

CERC had net interest expense related to affiliate borrowings of less than \$1 million and \$1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

CenterPoint Energy provides some corporate services to CERC. The costs of services have been charged directly to CERC using methods that management believes are reasonable. These methods include negotiated usage rates, dedicated asset assignment and proportionate corporate formulas based on operating expenses, assets, gross margin, employees and a composite of assets, gross margin and employees. These charges are not necessarily indicative of what would have been incurred had CERC not been an affiliate of CenterPoint Energy. Amounts charged to CERC for these services were \$28 million and \$37 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and are included primarily in operation and maintenance expenses.

(9) Short-term Borrowings and Long-term Debt

(a) Short-term Borrowings

Inventory Financing. Gas Operations has asset management agreements associated with its utility distribution service in Arkansas, north Louisiana and Oklahoma that extend through 2015. Pursuant to the provisions of the agreements, Gas Operations sells natural gas and agrees to repurchase an equivalent amount of natural gas during the winter heating seasons at the same cost, plus a financing charge. These transactions are accounted for as a financing and had an associated principal obligation of \$-0- and \$43 million as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

(b) Long-term Debt

Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, CERC had the following revolving credit facility and utilization of such facility (in millions):

	March 31, 2014						December 31, 2013						
Size of Facility Loans		Letters Commercial of Credit Paper			Loans			Letters of Credit		Commercial Paper			
\$ 600	\$		\$	- \$	6 —	\$		\$	_	\$	118		

CERC Corp.'s \$600 million revolving credit facility, which is scheduled to terminate on September 9, 2018, can be drawn at the London Interbank Offered Rate plus 150 basis points based on CERC Corp.'s current credit ratings. The revolving credit facility contains a financial covenant which limits CERC's consolidated debt to an amount not to exceed 65% of CERC's consolidated capitalization.

CERC Corp. was in compliance with all financial covenants in its revolving credit facility as of March 31, 2014.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Natural Gas Supply Commitments

Natural gas supply commitments include natural gas contracts related to CERC's Natural Gas Distribution and Energy Services business segments, which have various quantity requirements and durations, that are not classified as non-trading derivative assets and liabilities in CERC's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 as these contracts meet an exception as "normal purchases contracts" or do not meet the definition of a derivative. Natural gas supply commitments also include natural gas transportation contracts that do not meet the definition of a derivative. As of March 31, 2014, minimum payment obligations for natural gas supply commitments are approximately \$206 million for the remaining nine months in 2014, \$363 million in 2015, \$311 million in 2016, \$247 million in 2017, \$240 million in 2018 and \$120 million after 2018.

(b) Legal, Environmental and Other Regulatory Matters

Legal Matters

Gas Market Manipulation Cases. CenterPoint Energy, CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC or their predecessor, Reliant Energy, Incorporated (Reliant Energy), and certain of their former subsidiaries have been named as defendants in certain lawsuits described below. Under a master separation agreement between CenterPoint Energy and a former subsidiary, Reliant Resources, Inc. (RRI), CenterPoint Energy and its subsidiaries are entitled to be indemnified by RRI and its successors for any losses, including certain attorneys' fees and other costs, arising out of these lawsuits. In May 2009, RRI sold its Texas retail business to a subsidiary of NRG and RRI changed its name to RRI Energy, Inc. In December 2010, Mirant Corporation merged with and became a wholly owned subsidiary of RRI, and RRI changed its name to GenOn Energy, Inc. (GenOn). In December 2012, NRG acquired GenOn through a merger in which GenOn became a wholly owned subsidiary of NRG. None of the sale of the retail business, the merger with Mirant Corporation, or the acquisition of GenOn by NRG alters RRI's (now GenOn's) contractual obligations to indemnify CenterPoint Energy and its subsidiaries, including CenterPoint Houston, for certain liabilities, including their indemnification obligations regarding the gas market manipulation litigation, nor does it affect the terms of existing guarantee arrangements for certain GenOn gas transportation contracts discussed below.

A large number of lawsuits were filed against numerous gas market participants in a number of federal and western state courts in connection with the operation of the natural gas markets in 2000-2002. CenterPoint Energy's former affiliate, RRI, was a participant in gas trading in the California and Western markets. These lawsuits, many of which were filed as class actions, alleged violations of state and federal antitrust laws. Plaintiffs in these lawsuits sought a variety of forms of relief, including, among others, recovery of compensatory damages (in some cases in excess of \$1 billion), a trebling of compensatory damages, full consideration damages and attorneys' fees. CenterPoint Energy and/or Reliant Energy were named in approximately 30 of these lawsuits, which were instituted between 2003 and 2009. CenterPoint Energy and its affiliates have since been released or dismissed from all but one such case. CenterPoint Energy Services, Inc. (CES), a subsidiary of CERC Corp., is a defendant in a case now pending in federal court in Nevada alleging a conspiracy to inflate Wisconsin natural gas prices in 2000-2002. In July 2011, the court issued an order dismissing the plaintiffs' claims against other defendants in the case, each of whom had demonstrated Federal Energy Regulatory Commission jurisdictional sales for resale during the relevant period, based on federal preemption. The plaintiffs appealed this ruling to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, which reversed the trial court's dismissal of the plaintiffs' claims. In August 2013, the other defendants filed a petition for review with the U.S. Supreme Court. CenterPoint Energy believes that CES is not a proper defendant in this case and will continue to pursue a dismissal. CERC does not expect the ultimate outcome of this matter to have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Environmental Matters

Manufactured Gas Plant Sites. CERC and its predecessors operated manufactured gas plants (MGPs) in the past. In Minnesota, CERC has completed remediation on two sites, other than ongoing monitoring and water treatment. There are five remaining sites in CERC's Minnesota service territory. CERC believes that it has no liability with respect to two of these sites.

At March 31, 2014, CERC had recorded a liability of \$14 million for remediation of these Minnesota sites. The estimated range of possible remediation costs for the sites for which CERC believes it may have responsibility was \$6 million to \$41 million based on remediation continuing for 30 to 50 years. The cost estimates are based on studies of a site or industry average costs for remediation of sites of similar size. The actual remediation costs will be dependent upon the number of sites to be remediated, the participation of other potentially responsible parties (PRPs), if any, and the remediation methods used. The Minnesota Public Utilities Commission includes approximately \$285,000 annually in rates to fund normal ongoing remediation costs. As of March 31, 2014, CERC had collected \$6.4 million from insurance companies to be used for future environmental remediation.

In addition to the Minnesota sites, the United States Environmental Protection Agency and other regulators have investigated MGP sites that were owned or operated by CERC or may have been owned by one of its former affiliates. CERC and CenterPoint Energy do not expect the ultimate outcome of these investigations will have a material adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of either CenterPoint Energy or CERC.

Asbestos. Some facilities owned by CERC's predecessors contain or have contained asbestos insulation and other asbestos-containing materials. CERC or its predecessor companies have been named, along with numerous others, as a defendant in lawsuits filed by a number of individuals who claim injury due to exposure to asbestos. Some of the claimants have worked at locations owned by CERC, but most existing claims relate to facilities previously owned by CERC's subsidiaries. CERC anticipates that additional claims like those received may be asserted in the future. Although their ultimate outcome cannot be predicted at this time, CERC intends to continue vigorously contesting claims that it does not consider to have merit and, based on its experience to date, does not expect these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Other Environmental. From time to time CERC identifies the presence of environmental contaminants on property where it conducts or has conducted operations. Other such sites involving contaminants may be identified in the future. CERC has and expects to continue to remediate identified sites consistent with its legal obligations. From time to time CERC has received notices from regulatory authorities or others regarding its status as a PRP in connection with sites found to require remediation due to the presence of environmental contaminants. In addition, CERC has been named from time to time as a defendant in litigation related to such sites. Although the ultimate outcome of such matters cannot be predicted at this time, CERC does not expect, based on its experience to date, these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Other Proceedings

CERC is involved in other legal, environmental, tax and regulatory proceedings before various courts, regulatory commissions and governmental agencies regarding matters arising in the ordinary course of business. From time to time, CERC is also a defendant in legal proceedings with respect to claims brought by various plaintiffs against broad groups of participants in the energy industry. Some of these proceedings involve substantial amounts. CERC regularly analyzes current information and, as necessary, provides accruals for probable liabilities on the eventual disposition of these matters. CERC does not expect the disposition of these matters to have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

(c) Guarantees

Prior to the distribution of CenterPoint Energy's ownership in RRI to its shareholders, CERC had guaranteed certain contractual obligations of what became RRI's trading subsidiary. When the companies separated, RRI agreed to secure CERC against obligations under the guarantees RRI had been unable to extinguish by the time of separation. Pursuant to such agreement, as amended in December 2007, RRI (now GenOn) agreed to provide to CERC cash or letters of credit as security against CERC's obligations under its remaining guarantees for demand charges under certain gas transportation agreements if and to the extent changes in market conditions expose CERC to a risk of loss on those guarantees based on an annual calculation, with any required collateral to be posted each December. The undiscounted maximum potential payout of the demand charges under these transportation contracts, which will be in effect until 2018, was approximately \$55 million as of March 31, 2014. Based on market conditions in the fourth quarter of 2013 at the time the most recent annual calculation was made under the agreement, GenOn was not obligated to post any

security. If GenOn should fail to perform the contractual obligations, CERC could have to honor its guarantee and, in such event, any collateral then provided as security may be insufficient to satisfy CERC's obligations.

CERC Corp. has provided a guarantee of collection of Enable's obligations under its \$1.05 billion three-year unsecured term loan facility, which guarantee is subordinated to all senior debt of CERC Corp.

As of March 31, 2014, no amounts had been recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets related to these guarantees.

(11) Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 38% compared to 39% for the same period in 2013. The lower effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in the blended state tax rate that resulted from the formation of Enable. CERC reported no uncertain tax liability as of March 31, 2014 and expects no significant change to the uncertain tax liability over the next twelve months ending March 31, 2015. CenterPoint Energy's consolidated federal income tax return filed for the year ended December 31, 2012 is currently under audit by the Internal Revenue Service.

(12) Reportable Business Segments

Because CERC is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, CERC's determination of reportable business segments considers the strategic operating units under which CenterPoint Energy manages sales, allocates resources and assesses performance of various products and services to wholesale or retail customers in differing regulatory environments. CERC uses operating income as the measure of profit or loss for its business segments.

CERC's reportable business segments include the following: Natural Gas Distribution, Energy Services, Midstream Investments and Other Operations. Natural Gas Distribution consists of intrastate natural gas sales to, and natural gas transportation and distribution for, residential, commercial, industrial and institutional customers. Energy Services represents CERC's non-rate regulated gas sales and services operations. Midstream Investments consists primarily of CERC's investment in Enable and its retained interest in SESH. The Other Operations business segment includes unallocated corporate costs and intersegment eliminations.

Prior to May 1, 2013, CERC also reported an Interstate Pipelines business segment, which included CERC's interstate natural gas pipeline operations, and a Field Services business segment, which included CERC's non-rate regulated natural gas gathering, processing and treating operations. The formation of Enable closed on May 1, 2013. Enable now owns substantially all of CERC's former Interstate Pipelines and Field Services business segments, except for the retained interest in SESH. As a result, effective May 1, 2013, CERC reports equity earnings associated with its interest in Enable and equity earnings associated with its retained interest in SESH under the Midstream Investments segment, and no longer has Interstate Pipelines and Field Services reporting segments prospectively.

Financial data for business segments are as follows (in millions):

		For the	Three Mont	hs Ended March 3	31, 2014				
	Revenues from External Customers			er-segment levenues		perating ncome	Total Assets as of March 31, 2014		
Natural Gas Distribution	\$	1,478	\$	9	\$	162	\$	5,104	
Energy Services		1,052		32		26		1,053	
Midstream Investments (1)		—						4,540	
Other		1		—		—		1,320	
Reconciling Eliminations		—		(41)		—		(1,237)	
Consolidated	\$	2,531	\$	_	\$	188	\$	10,780	

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013						
	I	enues from External ustomers		er-segment Revenues		perating ome (Loss)	 Assets as of 1ber 31, 2013
Natural Gas Distribution	\$	1,043	\$	8	\$	139	\$ 4,976
Energy Services		588		9		7	895
Interstate Pipelines		92		40		52	
Field Services		130		11		53	
Midstream Investments (1)		_		_		_	4,518
Other		—				(1)	1,149
Reconciling Eliminations		—		(68)			(996)
Consolidated	\$	1,853	\$	_	\$	250	\$ 10,542

(1) Midstream Investments reported equity earnings of \$88 million from Enable and \$3 million of equity earnings from CenterPoint Energy's retained interest in SESH for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Included in total assets of Midstream Investments as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is \$4,340 million and \$4,319 million, respectively, related to CenterPoint Energy's investment in Enable and \$200 million and \$199 million, respectively, related to CenterPoint Energy's retained interest in SESH.

(13) Other Current Assets and Liabilities

Included in other current assets on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were \$2 million and \$4 million, respectively, of margin deposits and \$70 million and \$22 million, respectively, of under-recovered gas cost. Included in other current liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were \$78 million and \$42 million, respectively, of over-recovered gas cost.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S NARRATIVE ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following narrative analysis should be read in combination with our Interim Condensed Financial Statements contained in Item 1 of this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (2013 Form 10-K).

We meet the conditions specified in General Instruction H(1)(a) and (b) to Form 10-Q and are therefore permitted to use the reduced disclosure format for wholly owned subsidiaries of reporting companies. Accordingly, we have omitted from this report the information called for by Item 2 (Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations) and Item 3 (Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk) of Part I and the following Part II items of Form 10-Q: Item 2 (Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds), Item 3 (Defaults Upon Senior Securities) and Item 4 (Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders). The following discussion explains material changes in our revenue and expense items between the three months ended March 31, 2014 and the three months ended March 31, 2013. Reference is made to "Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations" in Item 7 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Recent Events

Enable Initial Public Offering. On April 16, 2014, Enable Midstream Partners, LP (Enable) completed its initial public offering (IPO) of 28,750,000 common units at a price of \$20.00 per unit, which included 3,750,000 common units sold by ArcLight Capital Partners, LLC (ArcLight) pursuant to an overallotment option that was fully exercised by the underwriters. Enable received approximately \$466 million in net proceeds from the sale of the units, after deducting underwriting fees, structuring fees and other offering costs.

In connection with its IPO, on March 25, 2014, Enable effected a 1 for 1.279082616 reverse unit split. Immediately following the unit split, we owned 227,508,825 common units, representing a 58.3% limited partner interest in Enable. Also in connection with Enable's IPO, 139,704,916 of our common units and 68,150,514 of OGE Energy Corp.'s (OGE) common units were converted into subordinated units.

Following Enable's IPO, we own 87,803,909 common units and 139,704,916 subordinated units in Enable, representing a 54.7% limited partner interest. Enable is equally controlled by us and OGE; each own 50% of the management rights in the general partner of Enable. We and OGE also own a 40% and 60% interest, respectively, in the incentive distribution rights held by the general partner of Enable.

As of April 2014, Enable is expected to pay a minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.2875 per unit on its outstanding units to the extent it has sufficient cash from operations after establishment of cash reserves and payment of fees and expenses, including payments to its general partner and its affiliates (referred to as "available cash") within 45 days after the end of each quarter. Enable will adjust the amount of this distribution for the period from the completion of its IPO through June 30, 2014 based on the actual length of the period.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our results of operations are affected by seasonal fluctuations in the demand for natural gas and price movements of energy commodities as well as natural gas basis differentials. Our results of operations are also affected by, among other things, the actions of various federal, state and local governmental authorities having jurisdiction over rates we charge, competition in our various business operations, the effectiveness of our risk management activities, debt service costs and income tax expense. For more information regarding factors that may affect the future results of operations of our business, please read "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following table sets forth our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, followed by a discussion of our consolidated results of operations.

	 Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2014		2013
	(in mi	illions)	
Revenues	\$ 2,531	\$	1,853
Expenses:			
Natural gas	2,043		1,224
Operation and maintenance	199		251
Depreciation and amortization	49		77
Taxes other than income taxes	52		51
Total	 2,343		1,603
Operating Income	 188		250
Interest and other finance charges	(35)		(45)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net	91		5
Other expense, net	2		
Income Before Income Taxes	 246		210
Income tax expense	94		82
Net Income	\$ 152	\$	128

Three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to three months ended March 31, 2013

We reported net income of \$152 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$128 million for the same period in 2013. The increase in net income of \$24 million was primarily due to increased equity earnings of unconsolidated affiliates (\$86 million) and decreased interest expense (\$10 million), which were partially offset by decreased operating income (\$62 million) (discussed by segment below) and increased income tax expense (\$12 million).

Income Tax Expense. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 38%, compared to 39% for the same period in 2013. The lower effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in the blended state tax rate that resulted from the formation of Enable.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

The following table presents operating income (loss) for each of our business segments for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, followed by a discussion of the results of operations by business segment based on operating income. Included in revenues are intersegment sales. We account for intersegment sales as if the sales were to third parties, that is, at current market prices.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			ch 31,
		2014	2	013
		(in mill	lions)	
Natural Gas Distribution	\$	162	\$	139
Energy Services		26		7
Interstate Pipelines				52
Field Services		—		53
Other Operations				(1)
Total Consolidated Operating Income	\$	188	\$	250

Natural Gas Distribution

For information regarding factors that may affect the future results of operations of our Natural Gas Distribution business segment, please read "Risk Factors – Risk Factors Affecting Our Businesses," "– Risk Factors Associated with Our Consolidated Financial Condition" and "– Other Risks" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and in Item 1A of Part II this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following table provides summary data of our Natural Gas Distribution business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (in millions, except throughput and customer data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2014	2013	
Revenues	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,051	
Expenses:			
Natural gas	1,039	656	
Operation and maintenance	187	170	
Depreciation and amortization	48	45	
Taxes other than income taxes	51	41	
Total expenses	1,325	912	
Operating Income	\$ 162	\$ 139	
Throughput (in billion cubic feet (Bcf)):			
Residential	106	80	
Commercial and industrial	97	86	
Total Throughput	203	166	
Number of customers at end of period:			
Residential	3,103,209	3,072,154	
Commercial and industrial	248,625	247,067	
Total	3,351,834	3,319,221	

Three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to three months ended March 31, 2013

Our Natural Gas Distribution business segment reported operating income of \$162 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$139 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Operating income increased \$23 million as a result of increased usage primarily due to colder than normal weather, partially mitigated by weather hedges and weather normalization adjustments (\$17 million), rate increases (\$14 million) and increased economic activity across our footprint including the addition of approximately 33,000 customers (\$4 million). These increases were partially offset by higher bad debt expense (\$6 million) and

higher depreciation and other taxes (\$5 million). Increased expense related to energy efficiency programs (\$6 million) and increased expense related to higher gross receipt taxes (\$7 million) were offset by the related revenues.

Energy Services

For information regarding factors that may affect the future results of operations of our Energy Services business segment, please read "Risk Factors – Risk Factors Affecting Our Businesses," "— Risk Factors Associated with Our Consolidated Financial Condition" and "— Other Risks" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following table provides summary data of our Energy Services business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (in millions, except throughput and customer data):

	 Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2014		2013
Revenues	\$ 1,084	\$	597
Expenses:			
Natural gas	1,045		578
Operation and maintenance	12		11
Depreciation and amortization	1		1
Total expenses	 1,058		590
Operating Income	\$ 26	\$	7
Throughput (in Bcf)	 184		162
Number of customers at end of period	17,395		16,934

Three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to three months ended March 31, 2013

Our Energy Services business segment reported operating income of \$26 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase in operating income of \$19 million is primarily due to \$11 million of improved margins resulting from optimization of existing gas transportation assets and increased throughput and price volatility, driven mainly by weather-related capacity constraints in our northern service territories. The first quarter of 2014 included a \$4 million benefit resulting from mark-to-market accounting for derivatives associated with certain forward natural gas purchases and sales used to lock in economic margins, compared to a \$5 million charge for the same period of 2013.

Interstate Pipelines

For information regarding factors that may affect our historical Interstate Pipelines business segment, please read "Risk Factors — Risk Factors Affecting Our Businesses," "— Risk Factors Associated with Our Consolidated Financial Condition" and "— Other Risks" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following table provides summary data of our historical Interstate Pipelines business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 (in millions, except throughput data):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013
Revenues	\$ 132
Expenses:	
Natural gas	20
Operation and maintenance	38
Depreciation and amortization	15
Taxes other than income taxes	7
Total expenses	80
Operating Income	\$ 52
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 5
Transportation throughput (in Bcf)	365

Our Interstate Pipeline business segment reported operating income of \$52 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Substantially all of this segment was contributed to Enable on May 1, 2013. As a result, the three months ended March 31, 2014 are not comparable to the same period in the prior year. Effective May 1, 2013, our equity method investment and related equity income in Enable are included in our Midstream Investments segment.

Equity Earnings. In addition, this business segment recorded equity income from its ownership in SESH, a jointly owned pipeline, of \$5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Beginning May 1, 2013, equity earnings related to the interest in SESH contributed to Enable as well as our remaining 25.05% interest in SESH are reported as components of equity income in our Midstream Investments segment.

Field Services

For information regarding factors that may affect our historical Field Services business segment, please read "Risk Factors – Risk Factors Affecting Our Businesses," "– Risk Factors Associated with Our Consolidated Financial Condition" and "– Other Risks" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following table provides summary data of our historical Field Services business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2013 (in millions, except throughput data):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013
Revenues	\$ 141
Expenses:	
Natural gas	38
Operation and maintenance	32
Depreciation and amortization	15
Taxes other than income taxes	3
Total expenses	88
Operating Income	\$ 53
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	<u>\$ </u>
Gathering throughput (in Bcf)	189

Our Field Services business segment reported operating income of \$53 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Substantially all of this segment was contributed to Enable on May 1, 2013. As a result, the three months ended March 31, 2014 are not comparable to the same period in the prior year. Effective May 1, 2013, our equity method investment and related equity income in Enable are included in our Midstream Investments segment.

Midstream Investments

For information regarding factors that may affect the future results of operations of our Midstream Investments business segment, please read "Risk Factors – Risk Factors Affecting Our Natural Gas Distribution, Energy Services, Interstate Pipelines and Field Services Businesses," "– Risk Factors Associated with Our Consolidated Financial Condition" and "– Risks Common to Our Businesses and Other Risks" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, we reported pre-tax equity income of \$88 million from our 58.3% limited partner interest in Enable and \$3 million of pre-tax equity income from our 25.05% interest in SESH.

CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE EARNINGS

For information on other developments, factors and trends that may have an impact on our future earnings, please read "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and "Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations - Certain Factors Affecting Future Earnings" in Item 7 of Part II of our 2013 Form 10-K, "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part II in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our liquidity and capital requirements are affected primarily by our results of operations, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, tax payments and working capital needs. Substantially all of our capital expenditures are expected to be used for investment in infrastructure for our natural gas transmission and distribution operations. These capital expenditures relate to reliability, safety and system expansions. Our principal cash requirements for the remaining nine months of 2014 include approximately \$447 million of capital expenditures.

We expect that borrowings under our credit facility, proceeds from commercial paper, anticipated cash flows from operations, intercompany borrowings and distributions from Enable will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for the remaining nine months of 2014. Discretionary financing or refinancing may result in the issuance of debt securities in the capital markets or the arrangement of additional credit facilities. Issuances of debt in the capital markets and additional credit facilities may not, however, be available to us on acceptable terms.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Prior to the distribution of CenterPoint Energy's ownership in Reliant Resources, Inc. (RRI) to its shareholders, we had guaranteed certain contractual obligations of what became RRI's trading subsidiary. When the companies separated, RRI agreed to secure us against obligations under the guarantees RRI had been unable to extinguish by the time of separation. Pursuant to such agreement, as amended in December 2007, RRI (now GenOn Energy, Inc. (GenOn)) agreed to provide to us cash or letters of credit as security against our obligations under our remaining guarantees for demand charges under certain gas transportation agreements if and to the extent changes in market conditions expose us to a risk of loss on those guarantees based on an annual calculation, with any required collateral to be posted each December. The undiscounted maximum potential payout of the demand charges under these transportation contracts, which will be in effect until 2018, was approximately \$55 million as of March 31, 2014. Based on market conditions in the fourth quarter of 2013 at the time the most recent annual calculation was made under the agreement, GenOn was not obligated to post any security. If GenOn should fail to perform the contractual obligations, we could have to honor our guarantee and, in such event, any collateral provided as security may be insufficient to satisfy our obligations.

CERC Corp. has provided a guarantee of collection of Enable's obligations under its \$1.05 billion three-year unsecured term loan facility, which guarantee is subordinated to all senior debt of CERC Corp.

Other than the guarantees described above and operating leases, we have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Regulatory Matters

Significant regulatory developments that have occurred since our 2013 Form 10-K was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) are discussed below.

Gas Operations

Houston, South Texas and Beaumont/East Texas Gas Reliability Infrastructure Programs (GRIP). The natural gas distribution business of CERC's (Gas Operations) Houston, South Texas and Beaumont/East Texas Divisions each submitted annual GRIP filings on March 31, 2014. For the Houston Division, CERC has asked that its GRIP filing to recover costs related to \$66.6 million in incremental capital expenditures that were incurred in 2013 be operationally suspended for one year so as to ensure earnings more consistent with those currently approved. For the South Texas Division, the filing is to recover costs related to \$15.9 million in incremental capital expenditures that were incurred in 2013. The increase in revenue requirements for this filing period is \$1.8 million annually based on an authorized rate of return of 8.75%. Rates should be implemented by July 2014. For the Beaumont/East Texas Division, the first GRIP filing is to recover costs related to \$31.4 million in incremental capital expenditures that were incurred in 2012 and 2013. The increase in revenue requirements for this filing period is \$3.0 million annually based on an authorized rate of return of 8.51%. Rates should be implemented by July 2014.

Minnesota Rate Proceeding. On August 2, 2013, Gas Operations filed a general rate case in Minnesota to increase base rates by \$44.3 million (including the movement of a \$15 million energy efficiency rider into base rates), based on a rate base of \$700 million and return on equity (ROE) of 10.3%. In compliance with state law, Gas Operations implemented interim rates reflecting \$42.9 million dollars of the requested increase for gas used on and after October 1, 2013. Evidentiary hearings were held before an administrative law judge (ALJ) in January 2014. On April 9, 2014 the ALJ issued its findings of fact and recommendations, which support a \$31.6 million revenue increase based on a 9.59% ROE. This rate filing is intended to recover significant capital expenditures Gas Operations is making in Minnesota and included moving \$15 million of energy efficiency expenditures to base rates. In May

2014, following oral arguments and deliberations by the Minnesota Public Utility Commission (MPUC), the MPUC voted to authorize an overall base rate increase of approximately \$33 million based on a ROE of 9.59% and a 52% equity ratio. The MPUC also authorized the implementation of a three year pilot revenue decoupling mechanism with an effective date of July 1, 2015. Gas Operations expects to receive a final order from the MPUC in its rate proceeding in June 2014. Following receipt of the final order and a period of reconsideration, Gas Operations will implement the revised rates approved by the MPUC and refund to customers the difference between the amounts approved by the MPUC and amounts collected under the interim rates, which amounts have already been reserved by Gas Operations.

Other Matters

Credit Facility

As of April 15, 2014, we had the following revolving credit facility (in millions):

	Size of	Amount Utilized at April 15,		
Date Executed	Facility	2014		Termination Date
September 9, 2011	\$ 600	\$ 	_	September 9, 2018

CERC Corp.'s \$600 million revolving credit facility can be drawn at the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points based on CERC Corp.'s current credit ratings. The revolving credit facility contains a financial covenant which limits our consolidated debt to an amount not to exceed 65% of our consolidated capitalization.

Borrowings under the revolving credit facility are subject to customary terms and conditions. However, there is no requirement that we make representations prior to borrowings as to the absence of material adverse changes or litigation that could be expected to have a material adverse effect. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility are subject to acceleration upon the occurrence of events of default that we consider customary. The revolving credit facility provides for customary fees, including commitment fees, administrative agent fees, fees in respect of letters of credit and other fees. The LIBOR borrowing spread and the commitment fees fluctuate based on our credit rating. We are currently in compliance with the various business and financial covenants in our revolving credit facility.

CERC Corp.'s \$600 million revolving credit facility backstops its \$600 million commercial paper program. As of April 15, 2014, CERC Corp. had no outstanding commercial paper.

Securities Registered with the SEC

We have filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC registering an indeterminate principal amounts of our senior debt securities.

Temporary Investments

As of April 15, 2014, we had external temporary investments of approximately \$274 million.

Money Pool

We participate in a money pool through which we and certain of our affiliates can borrow or invest on a short-term basis. Funding needs are aggregated and external borrowing or investing is based on the net cash position. The net funding requirements of the money pool are expected to be met with borrowings by CenterPoint Energy under its revolving credit facility or the sale by CenterPoint Energy of its commercial paper. At April 15, 2014, we had no borrowings from or investments in the money pool. The money pool may not provide sufficient funds to meet our cash needs.

Impact on Liquidity of a Downgrade in Credit Ratings

The interest on borrowings under our credit facility is based on our credit rating. As of April 15, 2014, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's), Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, and Fitch, Inc. (Fitch) had assigned the following credit ratings to our senior unsecured debt:

Moody's			S&P	Fitch		
Rating	Outlook (1)	Rating	Outlook (2)	Rating	Outlook (3)	
Baa2	Stable	A-	Stable	BBB	Stable	

(1) A Moody's rating outlook is an opinion regarding the likely direction of an issuer's rating over the medium term.

(2) An S&P rating outlook assesses the potential direction of a long-term credit rating over the intermediate to longer term.

(3) A Fitch rating outlook encompasses a one-to-two year horizon as to the likely ratings direction.

We cannot assure you that the ratings set forth above will remain in effect for any given period of time or that one or more of these ratings will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency. We note that these credit ratings are included for informational purposes and are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold our securities and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the rating agency. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. Any future reduction or withdrawal of one or more of our credit ratings could have a material adverse impact on our ability to obtain short- and longterm financing, the cost of such financings and the execution of our commercial strategies.

A decline in credit ratings could increase borrowing costs under our \$600 million revolving credit facility. If our credit ratings had been downgraded one notch by each of the three principal credit rating agencies from the ratings that existed at March 31, 2014, the impact on the borrowing costs under our credit facility would have been immaterial. A decline in credit ratings would also increase the interest rate on long-term debt to be issued in the capital markets and could negatively impact our ability to complete capital market transactions and to access the commercial paper market. Additionally, a decline in credit ratings of our Natural Gas Distribution and Energy Services business segments.

We and our subsidiaries purchase natural gas from one of their suppliers under supply agreements that contain an aggregate credit threshold of \$140 million based on CERC Corp.'s S&P senior unsecured long-term debt rating of A-. Under these agreements, we may need to provide collateral if the aggregate threshold is exceeded or if the S&P senior unsecured long-term debt rating is downgraded below BBB+.

CenterPoint Energy Services, Inc. (CES), our wholly owned subsidiary operating in our Energy Services business segment, provides natural gas sales and services primarily to commercial and industrial customers and electric and gas utilities throughout the central and eastern United States. In order to economically hedge its exposure to natural gas prices, CES uses derivatives with provisions standard for the industry, including those pertaining to credit thresholds. Typically, the credit threshold negotiated with each counterparty defines the amount of unsecured credit that such counterparty will extend to CES. To the extent that the credit exposure that a counterparty has to CES at a particular time does not exceed that credit threshold, CES is not obligated to provide collateral. Mark-to-market exposure in excess of the credit threshold is routinely collateralized by CES. As of March 31, 2014, the amount posted as collateral aggregated approximately \$2 million. Should the credit ratings of CERC Corp. (as the credit support provider for CES) fall below certain levels, CES would be required to provide additional collateral up to the amount of its previously unsecured credit limit. We estimate that as of March 31, 2014, unsecured credit limits extended to CES by counterparties aggregated \$308 million and \$1 million of such amount was utilized.

Pipeline tariffs and contracts typically provide that if the credit ratings of a shipper or the shipper's guarantor drop below a threshold level, which is generally investment grade ratings from both Moody's and S&P, cash or other collateral may be demanded from the shipper in an amount equal to the sum of three months' charges for pipeline services plus the unrecouped cost of any lateral built for such shipper. If the credit ratings of CERC Corp. decline below the applicable threshold levels, CERC Corp. might need to provide cash or other collateral of as much as \$161 million as of March 31, 2014. The amount of collateral will depend on seasonal variations in transportation levels.

Cross Defaults

Under CenterPoint Energy's revolving credit facility, a payment default on, or a non-payment default that permits acceleration of, any indebtedness exceeding \$75 million by us will cause a default. In addition, three outstanding series of CenterPoint Energy's

senior notes, aggregating \$750 million in principal amount as of March 31, 2014, provide that a payment default by us in respect of, or an acceleration of, borrowed money and certain other specified types of obligations, in the aggregate principal amount of \$50 million, will cause a default. A default by CenterPoint Energy would not trigger a default under our debt instruments or revolving credit facility.

Possible Acquisitions, Divestitures and Joint Ventures

From time to time, we consider the acquisition or the disposition of assets or businesses or possible joint ventures or other joint ownership arrangements with respect to assets or businesses. Any determination to take action in this regard will be based on market conditions and opportunities existing at the time, and accordingly, the timing, size or success of any efforts and the associated potential capital commitments are unpredictable. We may seek to fund all or part of any such efforts with proceeds from debt issuances. Debt financing may not, however, be available to us at that time due to a variety of events, including, among others, maintenance of our credit ratings, industry conditions, general economic conditions, market conditions and market perceptions.

Enable Midstream Partners

Certain of the entities contributed to Enable by us are obligated on approximately \$363 million of indebtedness owed to a wholly owned subsidiary of ours that is scheduled to mature in 2017.

Prior to its IPO, Enable was obligated to distribute 100% of its distributable cash (as such term was defined in its partnership agreement) to its limited partners each fiscal quarter within 45 days following the end of the applicable quarter. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, we received a cash distribution of approximately \$67 million from Enable made with respect to our limited partner interest in Enable for the fourth quarter of 2013. We expect to receive a cash distribution of approximately \$90 million from Enable in the second quarter of 2014 to be made with respect to our limited partner interest in Enable for the first quarter of 2014. We also expect to receive a distribution of distributable cash generated with respect to the period commencing April 1, 2014 and ending on April 15, 2014, the date immediately prior to the completion of Enable's IPO. Following its IPO, Enable is expected to pay a minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.2875 per unit on its outstanding units to the extent it has sufficient cash from operations after establishment of cash reserves and payment of fees and expenses, including payments to its general partner and its affiliates (referred to as "available cash") within 45 days after the end of each quarter. Enable will adjust the amount of this distribution for the period from the completion of its IPO through June 30, 2014 based on the actual length of the period.

Dodd-Frank Swaps Regulation

We use derivative instruments such as physical forward contracts, swaps and options to mitigate the impact of changes in commodity prices and weather on our operating results and cash flows. Following enactment of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank) in July 2010, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) has promulgated regulations to implement Dodd-Frank's changes to the Commodity Exchange Act, including the definition of commodity-based swaps subject to those regulations. The CFTC regulations are intended to implement new reporting and record keeping requirements related to their swap transactions and a mandatory clearing and exchange-execution regime for various types, categories or classes of swaps, subject to certain exemptions, including the trade-option and end-user exemptions. Although we anticipate that most if not all of our swap transactions should qualify for an exemption to the clearing and exchange-execution requirements, we will still be subject to record keeping and reporting requirements. Other changes to the Commodity Exchange Act made as a result of Dodd-Frank and the CFTC's implementing regulations could significantly increase the cost of entering into new swaps.

Other Factors that Could Affect Cash Requirements

In addition to the above factors, our liquidity and capital resources could be affected by:

- cash collateral requirements that could exist in connection with certain contracts, including our weather hedging arrangements, and gas purchases, gas price and gas storage activities of our Natural Gas Distribution and Energy Services business segments;
- acceleration of payment dates on certain gas supply contracts under certain circumstances, as a result of increased gas prices and concentration of natural gas suppliers;
- increased costs related to the acquisition of natural gas;
- increases in interest expense in connection with debt refinancings and borrowings under credit facilities;

- various legislative or regulatory actions;
- incremental collateral, if any, that may be required due to regulation of derivatives;
- the ability of GenOn and its subsidiaries to satisfy their obligations in respect of GenOn's indemnity obligations to CenterPoint Energy and its subsidiaries;
- slower customer payments and increased write-offs of receivables due to higher gas prices or changing economic conditions;
- the outcome of litigation brought by and against us;
- restoration costs and revenue losses resulting from future natural disasters such as hurricanes and the timing of recovery of such restoration costs; and
- various other risks identified in "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our 2013 Form 10-K and in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Certain Contractual Limits on Our Ability to Issue Securities and Borrow Money

Our revolving credit facility limits our consolidated debt to an amount not to exceed 65% of our consolidated capitalization.

Relationship with CenterPoint Energy

We are an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy. As a result of this relationship, the financial condition and liquidity of our parent company could affect our access to capital, our credit standing and our financial condition.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 2 to our Interim Condensed Financial Statements for a discussion of new accounting pronouncements that affect us.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

On May 14, 2013, the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) issued an updated version of its Internal Control -Integrated Framework (2013 Framework). Originally issued in 1992 (1992 Framework), the framework helps organizations design, implement and evaluate the effectiveness of internal control concepts and simplify their use and application. The 1992 Framework remains available during the transition period, which extends to December 15, 2014, after which time COSO will consider it as superseded by the 2013 Framework. As of March 31, 2014, CERC continues to utilize the 1992 Framework and will transition to the 2013 Framework by the end of 2014.

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2014 to provide assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. We have investments in certain unconsolidated affiliates. As we do not control these affiliates, our disclosure controls and procedures with respect to such affiliates are substantially more limited than those we maintain with respect to our consolidated subsidiaries.

There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a description of certain legal and regulatory proceedings affecting us, please read Note 10(b) to our Interim Condensed Financial Statements, each of which is incorporated herein by reference. See also "Business - Regulation" and "- Environmental Matters" in Item 1 and "Legal Proceedings" in Item 3 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Other than with respect to the additional or updated risk factors set forth below, there have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in our 2013 Form 10-K.

An entity we jointly control acts as the general partner of a publicly traded master limited partnership, Enable, which may involve a greater exposure to legal liability than our historic business operations.

We own a 50% management interest in Enable GP, LLC, which acts as the general partner of Enable, a publicly traded master limited partnership. Our joint control of the general partner of Enable may increase the possibility of claims of breach of fiduciary duties including claims of conflicts of interest related to Enable. Any liability resulting from such claims could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Our cash flows will be adversely impacted if we receive less cash distributions from Enable than we currently expect.

Both CERC Corp. and OGE hold their limited partnership interests in Enable in the form of both common units and subordinated units. As of April 2014, Enable is expected to pay a minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.2875 per unit, or \$1.15 per unit on an annualized basis, on its outstanding units to the extent it has sufficient cash from operations after establishment of cash reserves and payment of fees and expenses, including payments to its general partner and its affiliates (referred to as "available cash"). The principal difference between Enable's common units and subordinated units is that in any quarter during the applicable subordination period, holders of the subordinated units are not entitled to receive any distribution of available cash until the common units have received the minimum quarterly distribution plus any arrearages in the payment of the minimum quarterly distributions. Accordingly, if Enable does not pay distributions on its subordinated units, its subordinated units will not accrue arrearages for those unpaid distributions. Accordingly, if Enable is unable to pay its minimum quarterly distribution, the amount of cash distributions we receive from Enable may be adversely affected. Enable may not have sufficient available cash each quarter to enable it to pay the minimum quarterly distribution. The amount of cash Enable can distribute on its units will principally depend upon the amount of cash it generates from its operations, which will fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on, among other things:

- the fees and gross margins it realizes with respect to the volume of natural gas, natural gas liquids (NGLs) and crude oil that it handles;
- the prices of, levels of production of, and demand for natural gas, NGLs and crude oil;
- the volume of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil it gathers, compresses, treats, dehydrates, processes, fractionates, transports and stores;
- the relationship among prices for natural gas, NGLs and crude oil;
- cash calls and settlements of hedging positions;
- margin requirements on open price risk management assets and liabilities;
- the level of competition from other midstream energy companies;
- adverse effects of legislative and regulatory actions with respect to tax, environmental and other matters;
- the level of its operation and maintenance expenses and general and administrative costs; and
- prevailing economic conditions.

In addition, the actual amount of cash Enable will have available for distribution will depend on other factors, including:

- the level and timing of its capital expenditures;
- the cost of acquisitions;
- its debt service requirements and other liabilities;
- fluctuations in its working capital needs;
- its ability to borrow funds and access capital markets;
- restrictions contained in its debt agreements;
- the amount of cash reserves established by its general partner; and
- other business risks affecting its cash levels.

Enable depends on a small number of customers for a significant portion of its firm transportation and storage services revenues. The loss of, or reduction in volumes from, these customers could result in a decline in sales of its transportation and storage services and its consolidated financial position, results of operations and its ability to make cash distributions.

Enable provides firm transportation and storage services to certain key customers on its system. Its major transportation customers are affiliates of CenterPoint Energy, Laclede Group (Laclede), OGE, American Electric Power Company, Inc. (AEP) and Exxon Mobil Corporation (Exxon). Enable's interstate transportation and storage assets were designed and built to serve affiliates of CenterPoint Energy, Laclede, OGE and AEP.

Enable-Mississippi River Transmission, LLC's (MRT) firm transportation and storage contracts with Laclede are scheduled to expire in 2015 and 2016. The primary terms of Enable Gas Transmission, LLC's (EGT) firm transportation and storage contracts with CERC's natural gas distribution business will expire in 2018.

Enable's firm transportation contract with an affiliate of AEP expires January 1, 2015 and will remain in effect from year to year thereafter unless either party provides written notice of termination to the other party at least 180 days prior to the commencement of the succeeding annual period. The primary term of Enable's transportation agreement with OG&E is scheduled to expire April 30, 2019. Following the primary term, the agreement will remain in effect from year to year thereafter unless either party provides notice of termination to the other party at least 180 days prior to the commencement of the succeeding annual period.

The loss of all or even a portion of the interstate or intrastate transportation and storage services for any of these customers, the failure to extend or replace these contracts or the extension or replacement of these contracts on less favorable terms, as a result of competition or otherwise, could adversely affect Enable's consolidated financial position, results of operations and its ability to make cash distributions.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges. Our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was 7.22 and 5.55, respectively. We do not believe that the ratios for these three-month periods are necessarily indicative of the ratios for the twelve-month periods due to the seasonal nature of our business. The ratios were calculated pursuant to applicable rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

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The following exhibits are filed herewith:

Exhibits not incorporated by reference to a prior filing are designated by a cross (+); all exhibits not so designated are incorporated by reference to a prior filing as indicated.

Agreements included as exhibits are included only to provide information to investors regarding their terms. Agreements listed below may contain representations, warranties and other provisions that were made, among other things, to provide the parties thereto with specified rights and obligations and to allocate risk among them, and no such agreement should be relied upon as constituting or providing any factual disclosures about CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., any other persons, any state of affairs or other matters.

Exhibit Number	Description	Report or Registration Statement	SEC File or Registration Number	Exhibit Reference
3.1.1	Certificate of Incorporation of RERC Corp.	Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997	1-13265	3(a)(1)
3.1.2	Certificate of Merger merging former NorAm Energy Corp. with and into HI Merger, Inc. dated August 6, 1997	Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997	1-13265	3(a)(2)
3.1.3	Certificate of Amendment changing the name to Reliant Energy Resources Corp.	Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998	1-13265	3(a)(3)
3.1.4	Certificate of Amendment changing the name to CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp.	Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003	1-13265	3(a)(4)
3.2	Bylaws of RERC Corp.	Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997	1-13265	3(b)
4.1	\$950,000,000 Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2011, among CERC Corp., as Borrower, and the banks named therein	Form 8-K dated September 9, 2011	1-13265	4.3
4.2	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2013, among CERC Corp., as Borrower, and the banks named therein	Form 8-K dated April 11, 2013	1-13265	4.2
4.3	Subordinated Guaranty of Collection dated as of May 1, 2013 by CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. (CERC) in favor of Citibank, N.A., as agent	Form 8-K dated May 1, 2013	1-13265	10.7
4.4	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2013, among CERC Corp., as Borrower, and the banks named therein	Form 8-K dated September 9, 2013	1-13265	4.3
10.1	Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Enable Midstream Partners, LP dated as of April 16, 2014	Form 8-K dated April 16, 2014	1-13265	10.1
10.2	First Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Enable GP, LLC dated as of April 16, 2014	Form 8-K dated April 16, 2014	1-13265	10.2
+12	Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges			

+31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Scott M. Prochazka

+31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Gary L. Whitlock

+32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Scott M. Prochazka

+32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Gary L. Whitlock

Exhibit Number	Description	Report or Registration Statement	SEC File or Registration Number	Exhibit Reference
+101.INS	XBRL Instance Document			
+101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			
+101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document			
+101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document			
+101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document			
+101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document			

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP.

By:____

/s/ Walter L. Fitzgerald

Walter L. Fitzgerald Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: May 9, 2014

Index to Exhibits

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CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES (An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, Inc.)

COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (Millions of Dollars)

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2	2014 (1)		2013 (1)	
Net Income	\$	152	\$	128	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	ወ	(22)	φ	4	
Income taxes		94		82	
		224		214	
Fixed charges, as defined:					
Interest		35		45	
Interest component of rentals charged to operating expense		1		2	
Total fixed charges		36		47	
Earnings, as defined	\$	260	\$	261	
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		7.22		5.55	

(1) Excluded from the computation of fixed charges for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is interest expense of \$9 million and interest income of less than \$1 million, respectively, which is included in income tax expense.

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Scott M. Prochazka, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2014

/s/ Scott M. Prochazka

Scott M. Prochazka President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Gary L. Whitlock, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2014

/s/ Gary L. Whitlock

Gary L. Whitlock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2014 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Scott M. Prochazka, Chief Executive Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Scott M. Prochazka Scott M. Prochazka President and Chief Executive Officer May 9, 2014

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2014 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Gary L. Whitlock, Chief Financial Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Gary L. Whitlock

Gary L. Whitlock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer May 9, 2014